



## WOOD DUST MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**TRADE NAME:** Wood Dust (Untreated)

SYNONYMS: None CAS. NO.: None

**DESCRIPTION:** Particles generated by any manual or mechanical cutting or

abrasion process performed on wood.

#### PHYSICAL DATA

#### FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

Extinguishing Media...... Water, CO2, Sand

**Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazard......** Wood dust is a strong to severe explosion hazard if a dust "cloud" contacts an ignition source.



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### **HEALTH EFFECTS DATA**

**Exposure Limit.....** 

ACGIH TLV: Western Red Cedar

**TWA** - 5.0 mg/m3;

**STEL -** (15 min) - 10.0 mg/m3 (softwood)

TWA - 1.0 mg/m3 (certain hardwoods such as beech and oak)

OSHA PEL: (See important footnote 1 below concerning OSHA PEL's for wood dust)......TWA - 15.0 mg/m3 (total dust); 5.0 mg/m3

(respirable fraction).

**Skin and Eye Contact**......Wood dust can cause eye irritation. Various species of wood dust can elicit allergic contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals.

Skin Absorption......Not Known to Occur

1 In AFL-CIO V. OSHA 965 F. 2d 962 (11th Cir. 1992), the court overturned OSHA's 1989 Air Contaminants Rule, including the specific PELs for wood dust that OSHA had established at that time . THE 1989 PELs WERE: TWA -  $5.0 \, \text{mg/m}$ 3; STEL (15 MIN.) -  $10.0 \, \text{mg/m}$ 3 (ALL SOFT AND HARD WOODS, EXCEPT WESTERN RED CEDAR): WESTERN RED CEDAR: TWA -  $2.5 \, \text{mg/m}$ 3.

Wood dust is now officially regulated as an organic dust under the Particulate Not Otherwise Regulated (PNOR) or Inert or Nuisance Dust categories at PELs noted under Health Effects Information section of this MSDS. However, A NUMBER OF STATES HAVE INCORPORATED PROVISIONS OF THE 1989 STANDARD IN THEIR STATE PLANS. ADDITIONALLY, OSHA HAS ANNOUNCED THAT IT MAY CITECOMPANIES UNDER THE OSH ACT GENERAL DUTY CLAUSE UNDER APPROPRIATE CIRCUMSTANCES FOR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE 1989 PELS.





# **REACTIVITY DATA**

REACTIVITI DATA	
Conditions Contributing to Instability	
PRECAUTIONS & SAFE HANDLING	
Eye Contact	
GENERALLY APPLICABLE CONTROL MEASURES	
VentilationProvide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to maintain healthful working conditions.  Safety EquipmentWear goggles or safety glasses. Other protective equipment such as gloves and approved dust respirators may be needed depending upon dust conditions.	
EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES	
Eyes	



to the State of California to cause cancer.

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Inhalation
ingestion
SPILL/LEAK CLEAN UP PROCEDURES
<b>Recovery or Disposal</b> Sweep or vacuum spills for recovery or disposal; avoid creating dust conditions. Provide good ventilation where dust conditions may occur. Place recovered wood dust in a container for proper disposal.
REGULATORY INFORMATION
State: California Proposition 65 WarningDrilling, sawing,
sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust, a substance known